

MAKING
INNOVATION
POSSIBLE



REGULATORY ROADMAPS TO TRANSLATE ACADEMIC ATMP INNOVATIONS INTO CLINIC

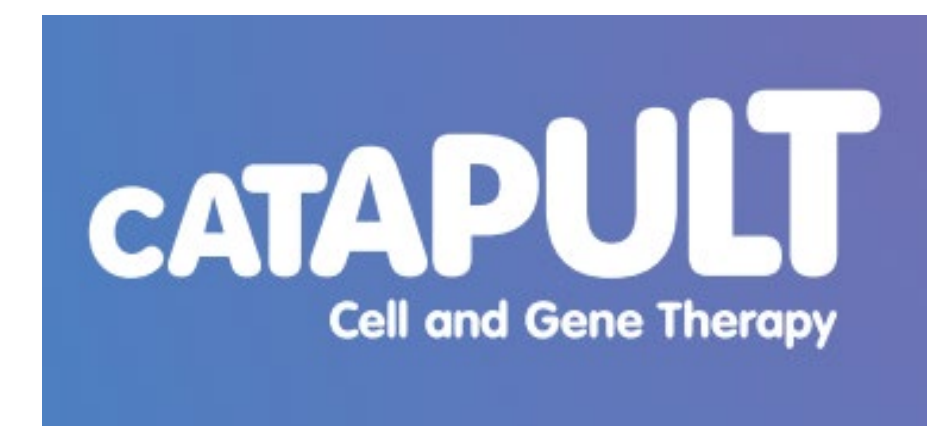
CHALLENGES FOR ACADEMIC ATMP

- **Regulatory Knowledge Gaps**
Academic developers often lack understanding of ATMP regulatory frameworks.
- **Safety Considerations**
Unique ATMP safety issues, like immunogenicity and tumorigenicity, often require *more thorough early-stage evaluation*.
- **Manufacturing**
Transitioning from research-grade to clinical-grade manufacturing is *complex and costly*.
- **Infrastructure Limitations**
Academic environments frequently lack the infrastructure needed for smooth *translation to clinical trials*.



GAP IN REGULATORY UNDERSTANDING

- *Regulatory literacy* – important for the translation of innovation into commercial product.
- *Early regulatory engagement* is widely undervalued or misunderstood by academic founders.
- Need for *more accessible, harmonized regulatory guidance and resources* across Europe.



IMPACT OF EARLY REGULATORY INTEGRATION

- **Strengthening Evidence Packages.**
Proactive regulatory engagement ensures data is relevant, robust, and meets regulatory standards.
- **Enhancing Credibility.**
Regulatory readiness signals project maturity, boosting confidence among funders, investors, and industry partners.
- **Reducing Uncertainty and Risks.**
Early integration clarifies development pathways and regulatory risks, enabling efficient decision-making and timeline management.
- **Accelerating Clinical Advancement.**
Unified regulatory and scientific strategy reduces delays, promoting faster transition from research to clinical testing.



KEY REGULATORY MILESTONES

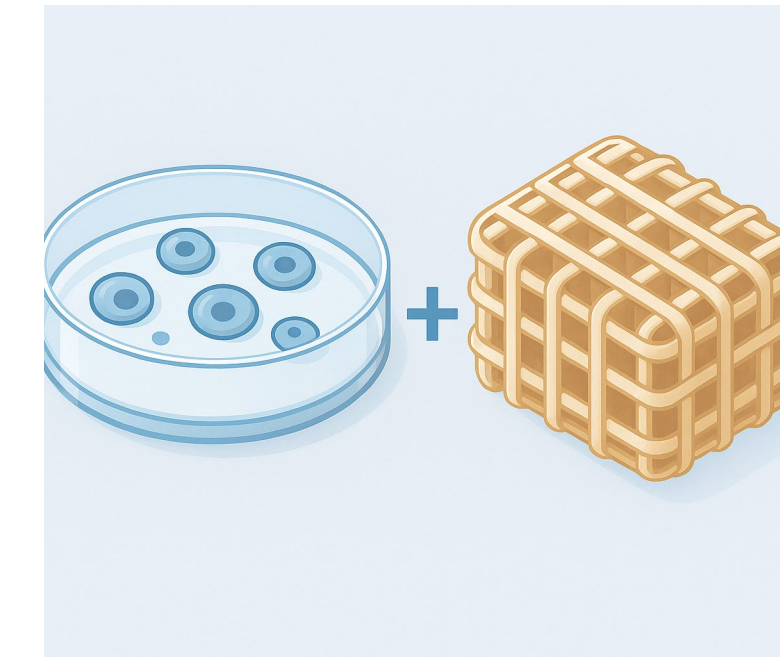
- **ATMP Classification.**
Obtaining classification from regulatory committees confirms product status and development requirements.
- **Innovation Task Force Meeting.**
Early discussions with innovation task forces help identify concerns and offer informal guidance preclinically.
- **Formal Scientific Advice.**
Formal advice from EMA helps address evidence gaps, validate development strategies, and gain feedback on CMC, non-clinical, and clinical plans.



CASE STUDY

Background:

European start-up, developing a combined ATMP (cell-seeded scaffold implant), lacked regulatory and CMC expertise for FIH readiness.



Challenges:

- Unclear ATMP classification due to device-cell integration.
- Non-GMP manufacturing and undefined CQAs.
- Insufficient non-clinical design addressing biodistribution, immunogenicity, and device interactions with cells/tissue.
- Fragmented CMC, non-clinical, and device-related documentation.

Solutions:

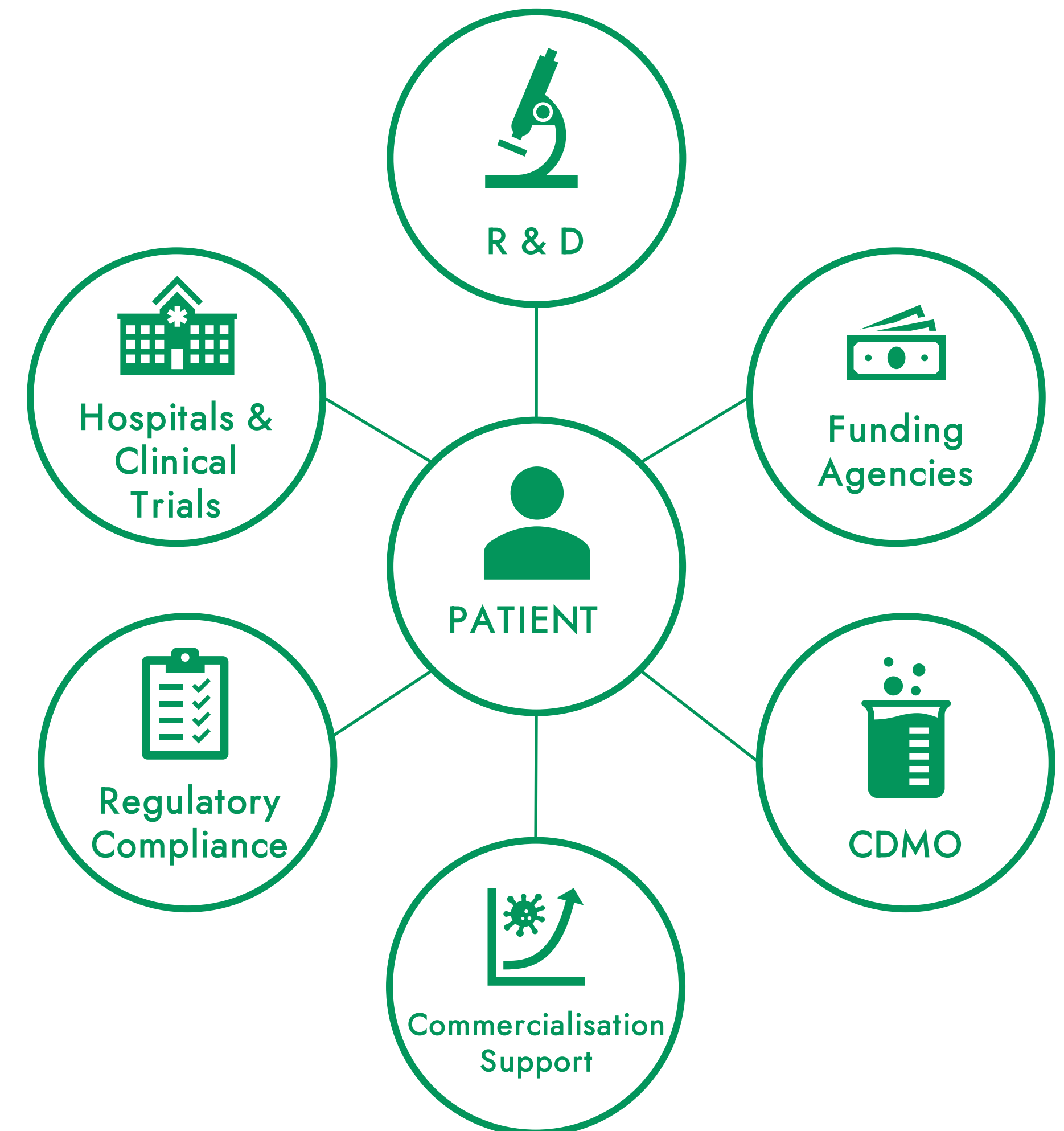
- ATMP classification request and device regulatory mapping.
- GMP gap analysis and redesign of manufacturing workflows.
- Non-clinical development plan aligned with intended clinical use.
- FIH regulatory strategy and ITF meeting preparation.

Outcome:

Successful alignment of regulatory strategy, enabling predictable progress toward FIH readiness and increased investor confidence.

KEY TAKEAWAYS

- I. Reach out for help. Do not be afraid to ask questions to be able to generate the right data at the right time.
- II. Early on proactive engagement with regulatory authorities.
- III. Strengthen CMC (quality & safety) and manufacturing documentation for a compliant, scalable and “regulator-ready” transition from research-grade to clinical-grade product.



THANK YOU.

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