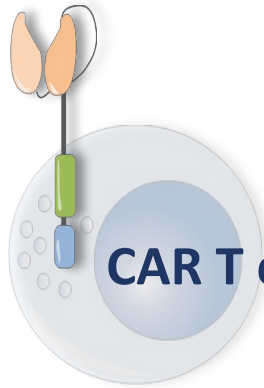


## TCRs/ TILs in solid tumors – „state of the art“

**Katrin Wetzko**



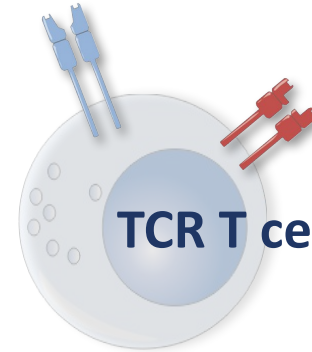
# Side-by-side comparison



CAR T cells



TILs



TCR T cells

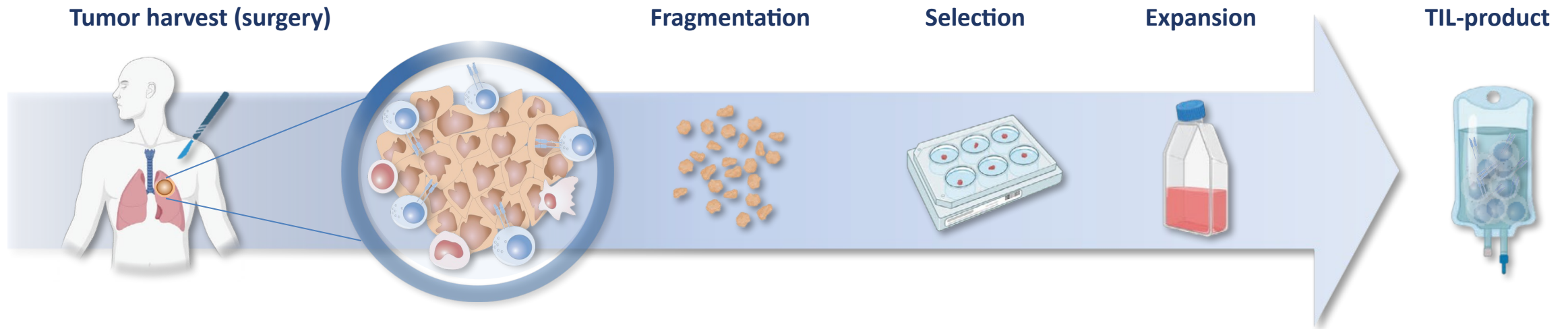
|                     |                       |                                   |                                   |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Source:             | Blood                 | Tumor tissue                      | Blood                             |
| Engineering:        | Yes (CAR added)       | No (natural)                      | Yes (TCR added)                   |
| Target recognition: | Synthetic CAR         | Natural TCR                       | Engineered TCR                    |
| MHC dependence:     | No                    | Yes                               | Yes                               |
| Targets:            | Surface proteins only | Broad (incl. private neoantigens) | Intracellular + surface (via MHC) |

*"Give T-cells a new artificial receptor."*

*"Use what the body already found in the tumor."*

*"Upgrade T cells with a better natural receptor."*

# How TIL therapy works? - preparing



## PRO

+ naturally „pre-selected“ t-cells  
multiple target antigens/neoantigens

## Cons

- surgical removal  
- expansion can be difficult



pionieerd for treating solid  
cancers by  
Dr. Steven Rosenberg in 1986

# The first FDA-approved cellular therapeutic for a solid tumor

The screenshot shows the FDA's official website with a dark blue header. The main content area features a large heading: "FDA grants accelerated approval to lifileucel for unresectable or metastatic melanoma". Below the heading are social sharing buttons for Facebook, X, LinkedIn, Email, and Print. A sidebar on the left contains links to "Resources for Information | Approved Drugs" and "Oncology (Cancer) /". The main text block states: "On February 16, 2024, the Food and Drug Administration granted accelerated approval to lifileucel (Amtagvi, Iovance Biotherapeutics, Inc.), a tumor-derived autologous T cell immunotherapy, for adult patients with unresectable or metastatic melanoma previously treated with a PD-1 blocking antibody, and if BRAF V600 positive, a BRAF inhibitor with or without a MEK inhibitor." A footer on the right indicates the content is current as of 02/16/2024 and is regulated.

← [Home](#) / [Drugs](#) / [Development & Approval Process | Drugs](#) / [Drug Approvals and Databases](#) / [Resources for Information | Approved Drugs](#) / [FDA grants accelerated approval to lifileucel for unresectable or metastatic melanoma](#)

## FDA grants accelerated approval to lifileucel for unresectable or metastatic melanoma

[f Share](#) [X Post](#) [in LinkedIn](#) [✉ Email](#) [🖨 Print](#)

**Resources for Information | Approved Drugs**

[Oncology \(Cancer\) /](#)

On February 16, 2024, the Food and Drug Administration granted accelerated approval to lifileucel (Amtagvi, Iovance Biotherapeutics, Inc.), a tumor-derived autologous T cell immunotherapy, for adult patients with unresectable or metastatic melanoma previously treated with a PD-1 blocking antibody, and if BRAF V600 positive, a BRAF inhibitor with or without a MEK inhibitor.

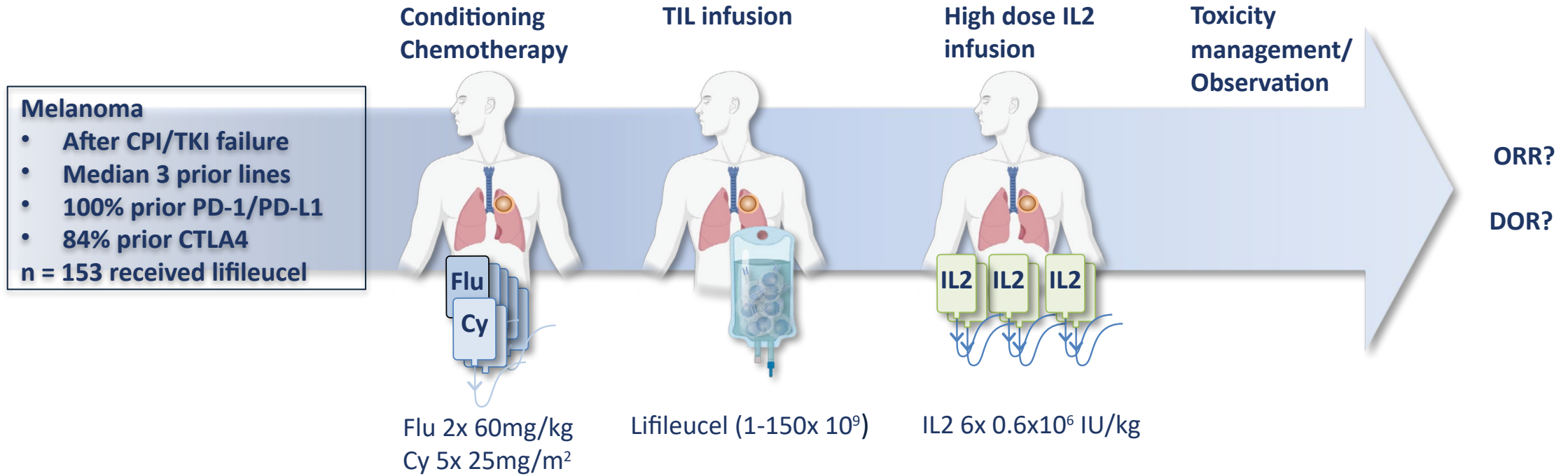
**Content current as of:**  
02/16/2024

**Regulated**

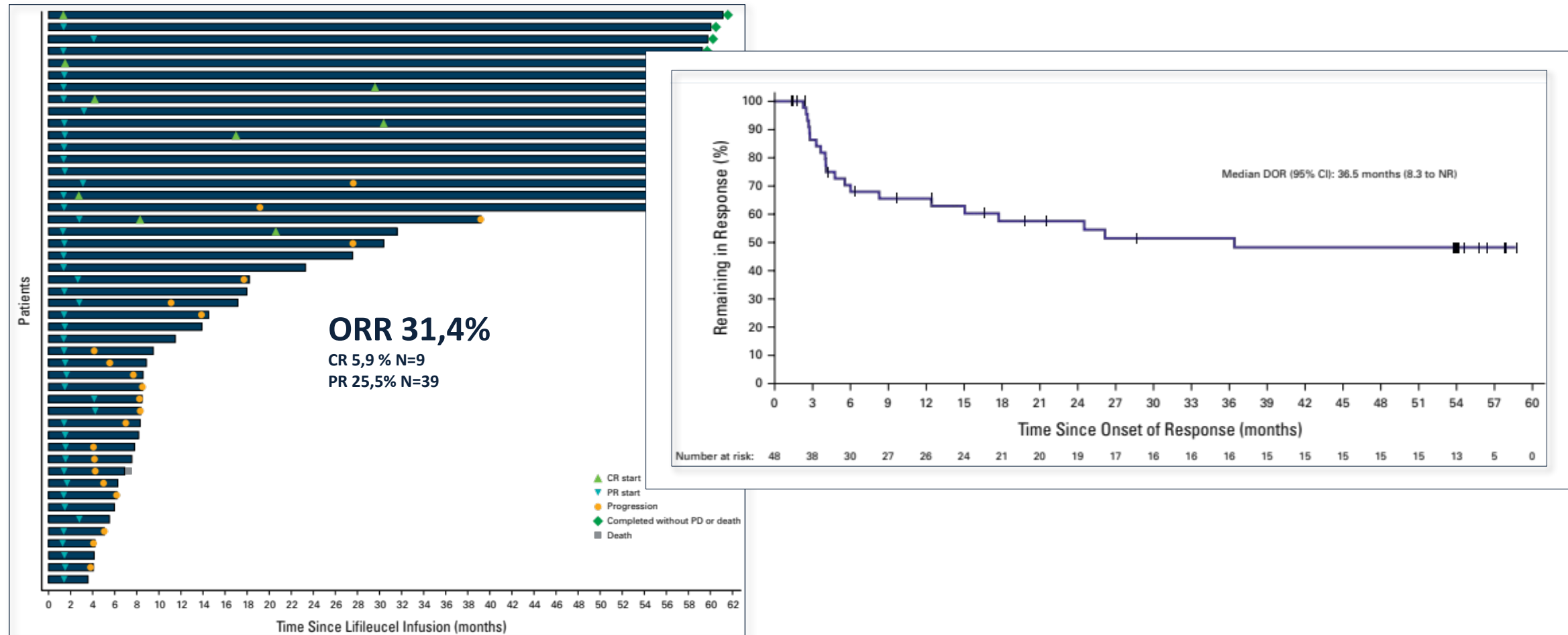
Approval based on  
C-144-01 Study

Update: 5-Year Analysis of  
C-144-01 Study  
published in June 2025

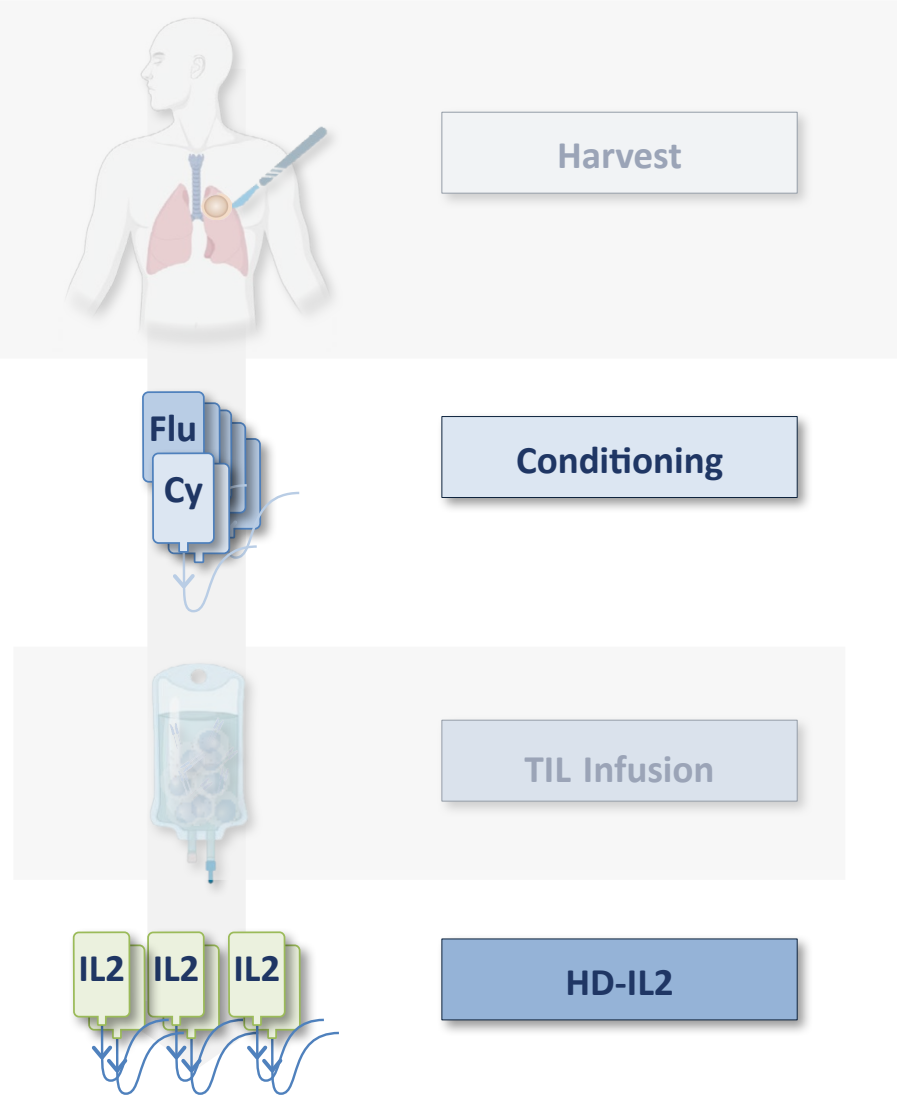
# How TIL therapy works? – IOVANCE C144-01



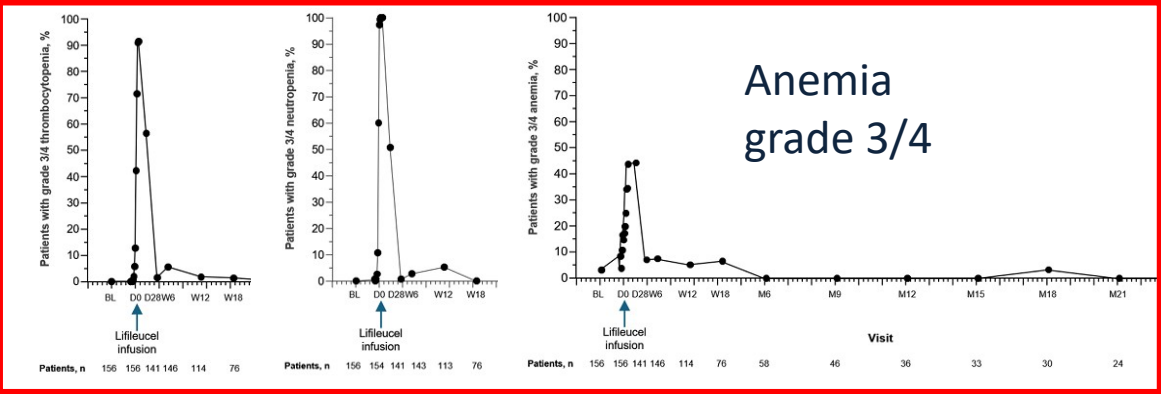
# TIL in melanoma: lovance C144-01; 5-year data



# Tumor- infiltrating Lymphocytes - Safety



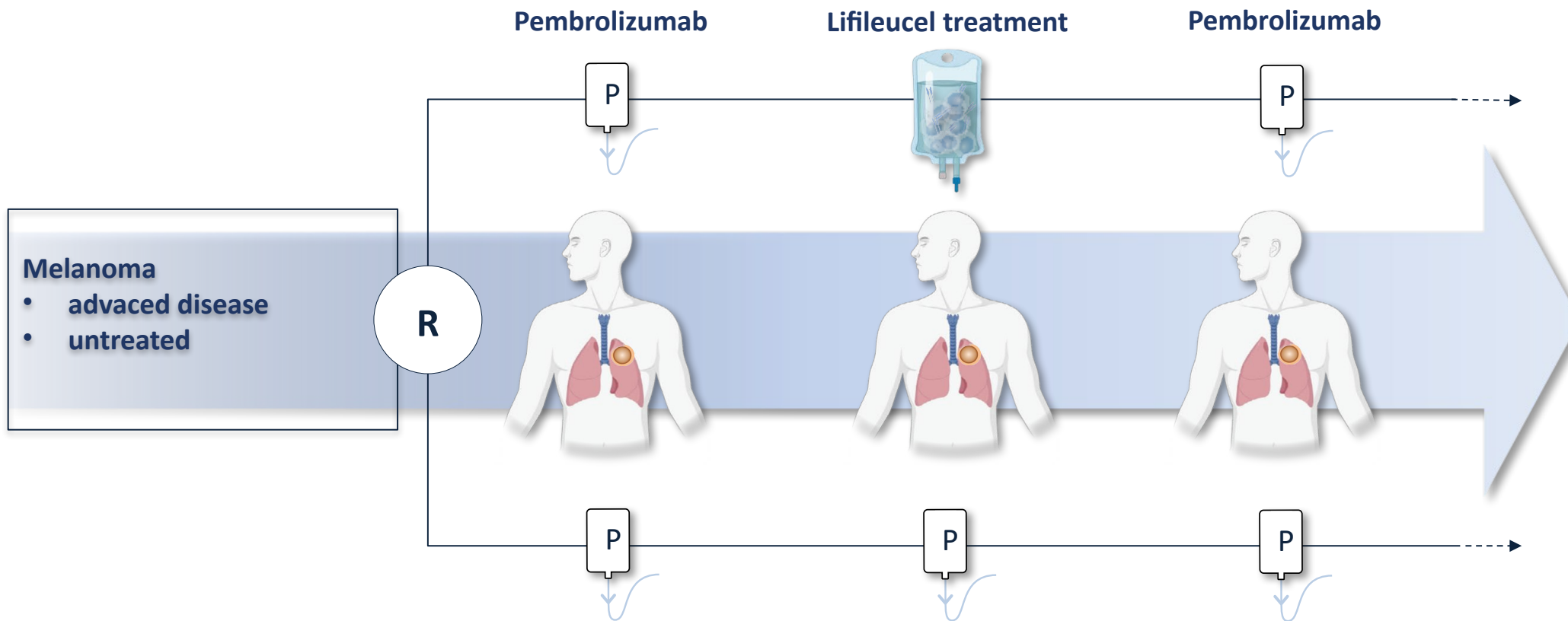
|             | Any Grade | Grade 3/4 |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Surgical AE | 32%       | 3%        |



| IRR/anaphylaxis | 5% | 1% |
|-----------------|----|----|
|-----------------|----|----|

Recruiting

# TILVANCE - Phase 3 Trial



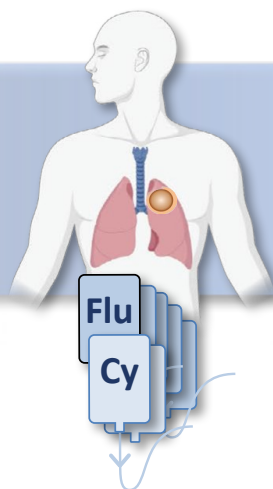
Recruiting

# Is Lfileucel also working in lung cancer?

## NSCLC

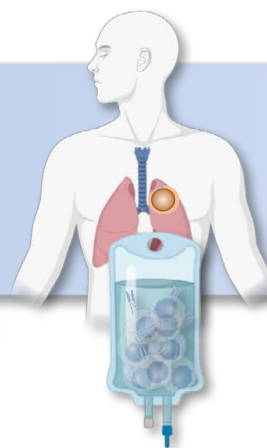
- Phase 2 study
- Stage IV disease
- 100% prior PD-1/PD-L1
- 2nd line treatment

### Conditioning Chemotherapy



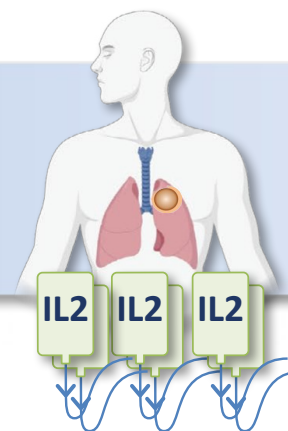
Flu 2x 60mg/kg  
Cy 5x 25mg/m<sup>2</sup>

### TIL infusion



Lifileucel (1-53x 10<sup>9</sup>)

### High dose IL2 infusion



IL2 6x 0.6x10<sup>6</sup> IU/kg

ORR?

## **Clinical course - Male, 39y, SMARCA4-deficient NSCLC**

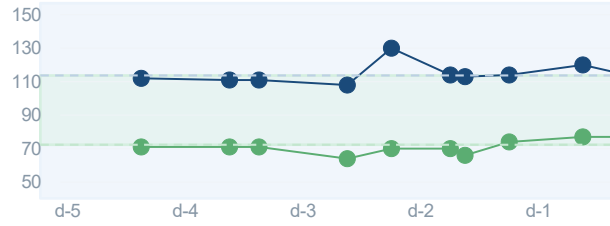
# Clinical course - Male, 39y, SMARCA4-deficient NSCLC

TIL infusion

IL2 postponed



Blood Pressure (mmHg)



O<sub>2</sub> Saturation (%)

Body Temperature (°C)

Body Weight (kg)

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

IL-2

Systolic

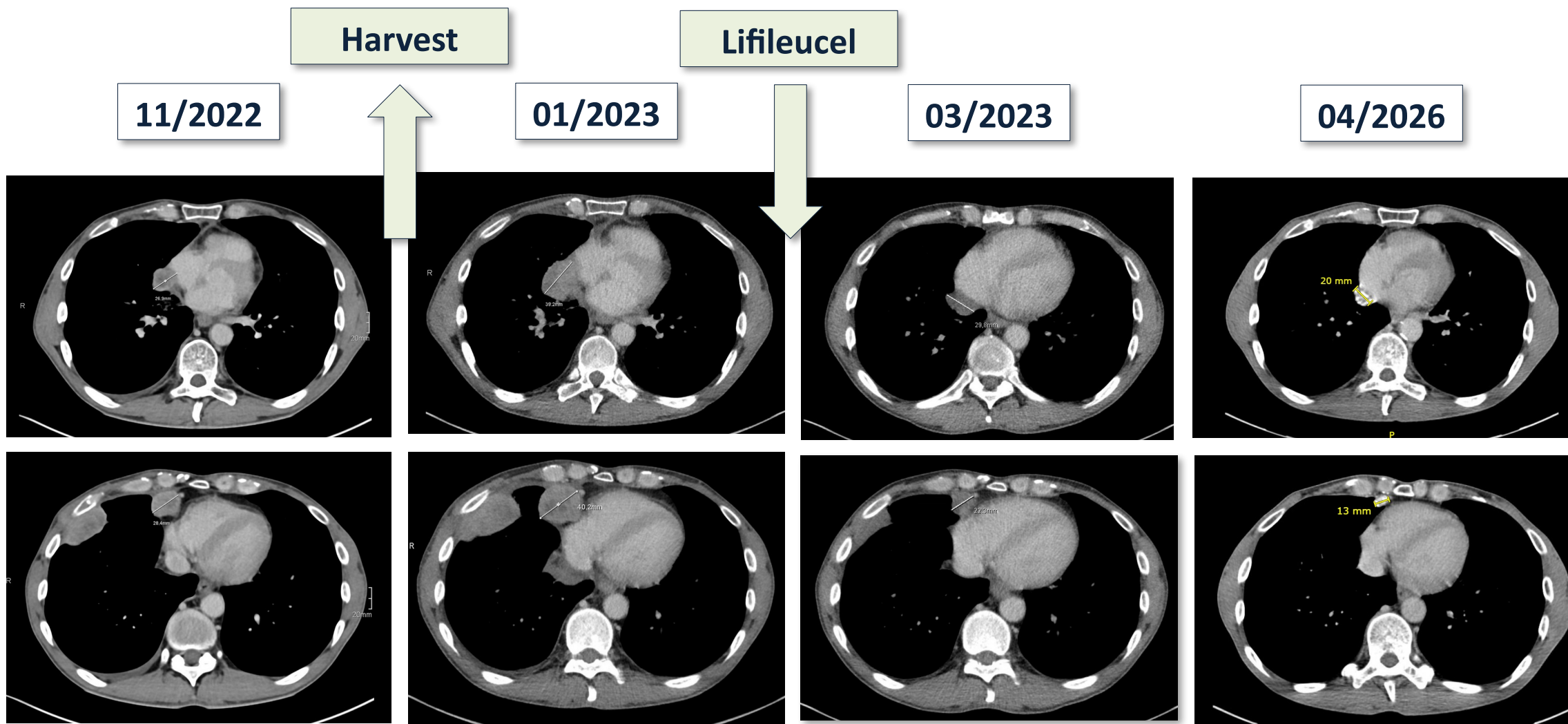
Diastolic

SpO<sub>2</sub>

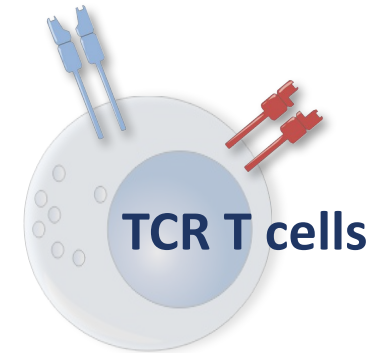
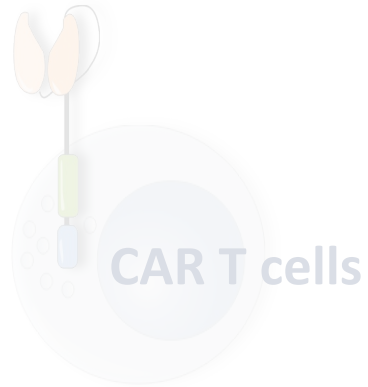
Temperature

Weight

# Response - Male, 39 y, SMARCA4-deficient NSCLC



# Side-by-side comparison



|                            |                       |                                   |                                   |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Source:</b>             | Blood                 | Tumor tissue                      | Blood                             |
| <b>Engineering:</b>        | Yes (CAR added)       | No (natural)                      | Yes (TCR added)                   |
| <b>Target recognition:</b> | Synthetic CAR         | Natural TCR                       | Engineered TCR                    |
| <b>MHC dependence:</b>     | No                    | Yes                               | Yes                               |
| <b>Targets:</b>            | Surface proteins only | Broad (incl. private neoantigens) | Intracellular + surface (via MHC) |

# TCR therapy - IMA203-101 Phase-I-trial (IMA203)

## Key Eligibility Criteria

- Confirmed **advanced and/or metastatic solid tumor**
- Patients having received, or not been eligible for all available indicated SOC treatment
- Adequate organ function
- No active brain metastasis

## Key Objectives

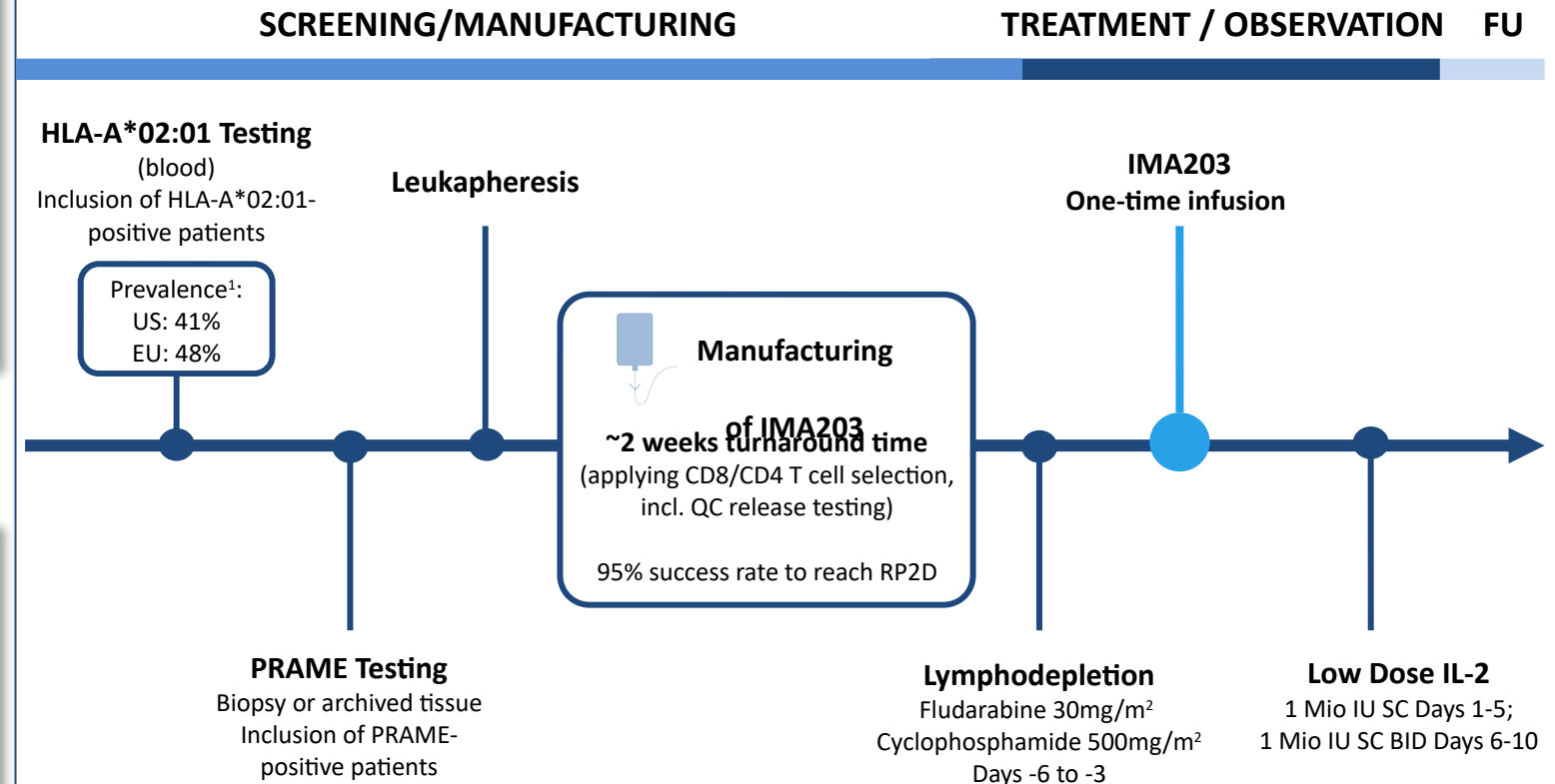
### Primary:

- Tolerability
- Determination of RP2D (Phase 1a)

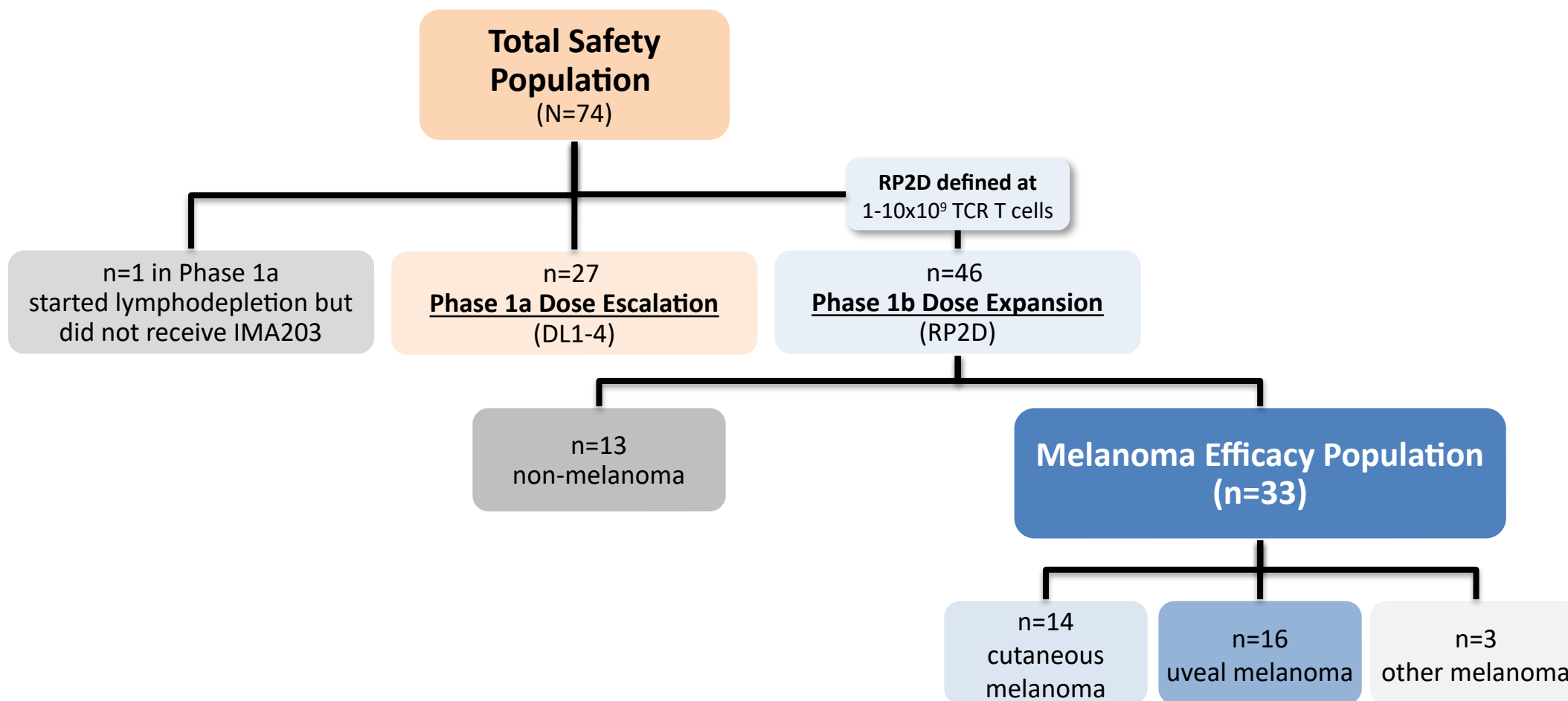
### Secondary:

- IMA203 T cell engraftment, persistence
- Efficacy

## Patient Journey



# IMA203-101 Patient disposition



# Anzu-cel (IMA203) safety profile

## TEAEs in ≥20% of patients

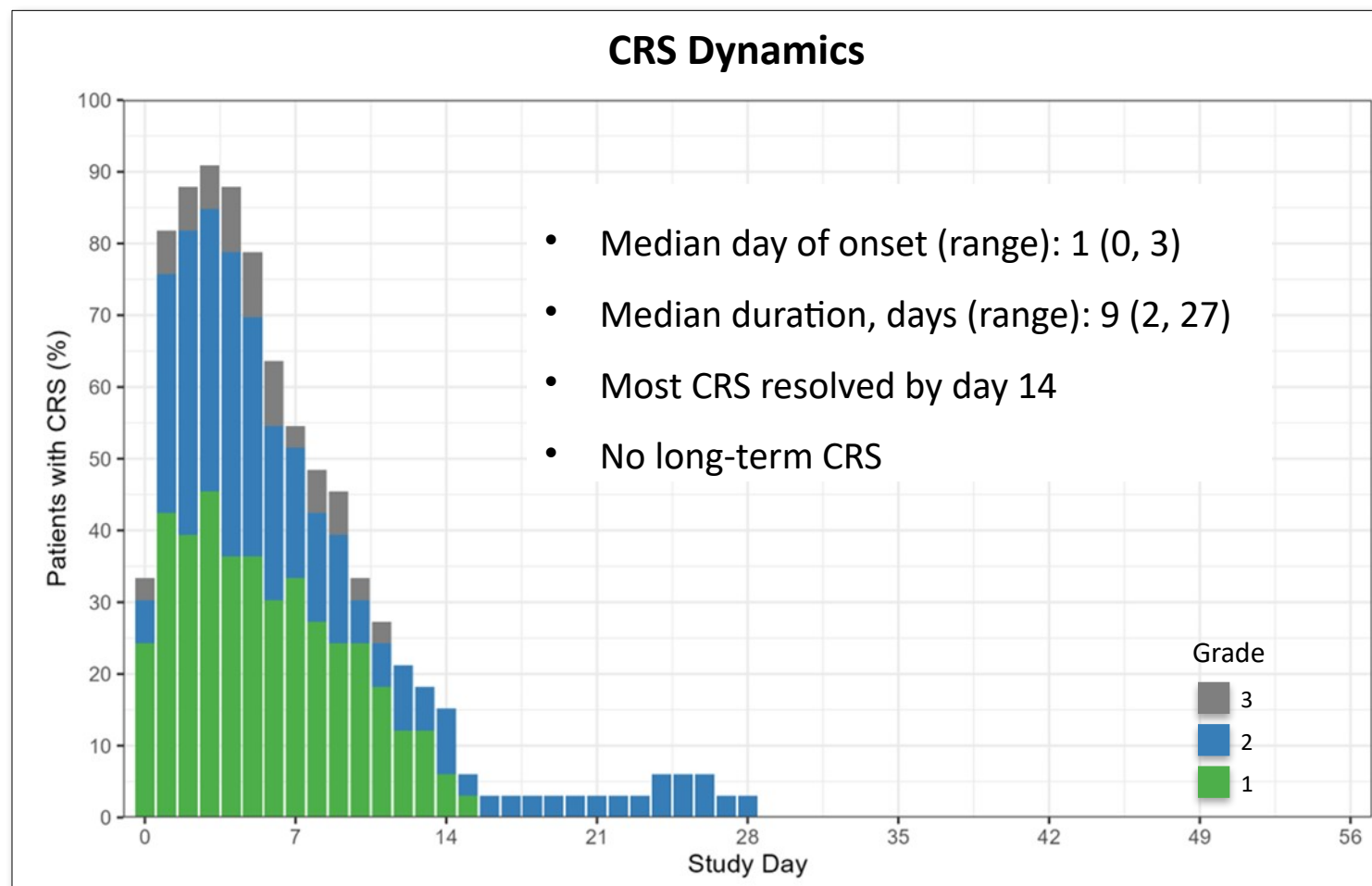
| Preferred terms, n (%)                               | Any grade | Grade ≥3  |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders                 | 73 (98.6) | 73 (98.6) |
| Neutropenia <sup>a</sup>                             | 68 (91.9) | 67 (90.5) |
| Anaemia                                              | 57 (77.0) | 38 (51.4) |
| Thrombocytopenia <sup>a</sup>                        | 50 (67.6) | 27 (36.5) |
| Leukopenia                                           | 39 (52.7) | 38 (51.4) |
| Lymphopenia                                          | 39 (52.7) | 39 (52.7) |
| Gastrointestinal disorders                           | 65 (87.8) | 2 (2.7)   |
| Nausea                                               | 45 (60.8) | 0 (0.0)   |
| Diarrhoea <sup>a</sup>                               | 28 (37.8) | 1 (1.4)   |
| Vomiting                                             | 25 (33.8) | 1 (1.4)   |
| Constipation                                         | 23 (31.1) | 0 (0.0)   |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | 49 (66.2) | 2 (2.7)   |
| Fatigue                                              | 29 (39.2) | 1 (1.4)   |
| Pyrexia                                              | 22 (29.7) | 1 (1.4)   |
| Edema peripheral                                     | 17 (23.0) | 0 (0.0)   |
| Investigations                                       | 35 (47.3) | 10 (13.5) |
| Aspartate aminotransferase increased                 | 29 (39.2) | 5 (6.8)   |
| Alanine aminotransferase increased                   | 28 (37.8) | 7 (9.5)   |
| Blood creatinine increased                           | 15 (20.3) | 2 (2.7)   |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders               | 35 (47.3) | 6 (8.1)   |
| Rash                                                 | 18 (24.3) | 0 (0.0)   |
| Rash maculo-popular                                  | 18 (24.3) | 6 (8.1)   |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders                   | 33 (44.6) | 6 (8.1)   |
| Hyponatraemia                                        | 22 (29.7) | 3 (4.1)   |
| Hypokalaemia                                         | 21 (28.4) | 3 (4.1)   |

## Adverse events of special interest

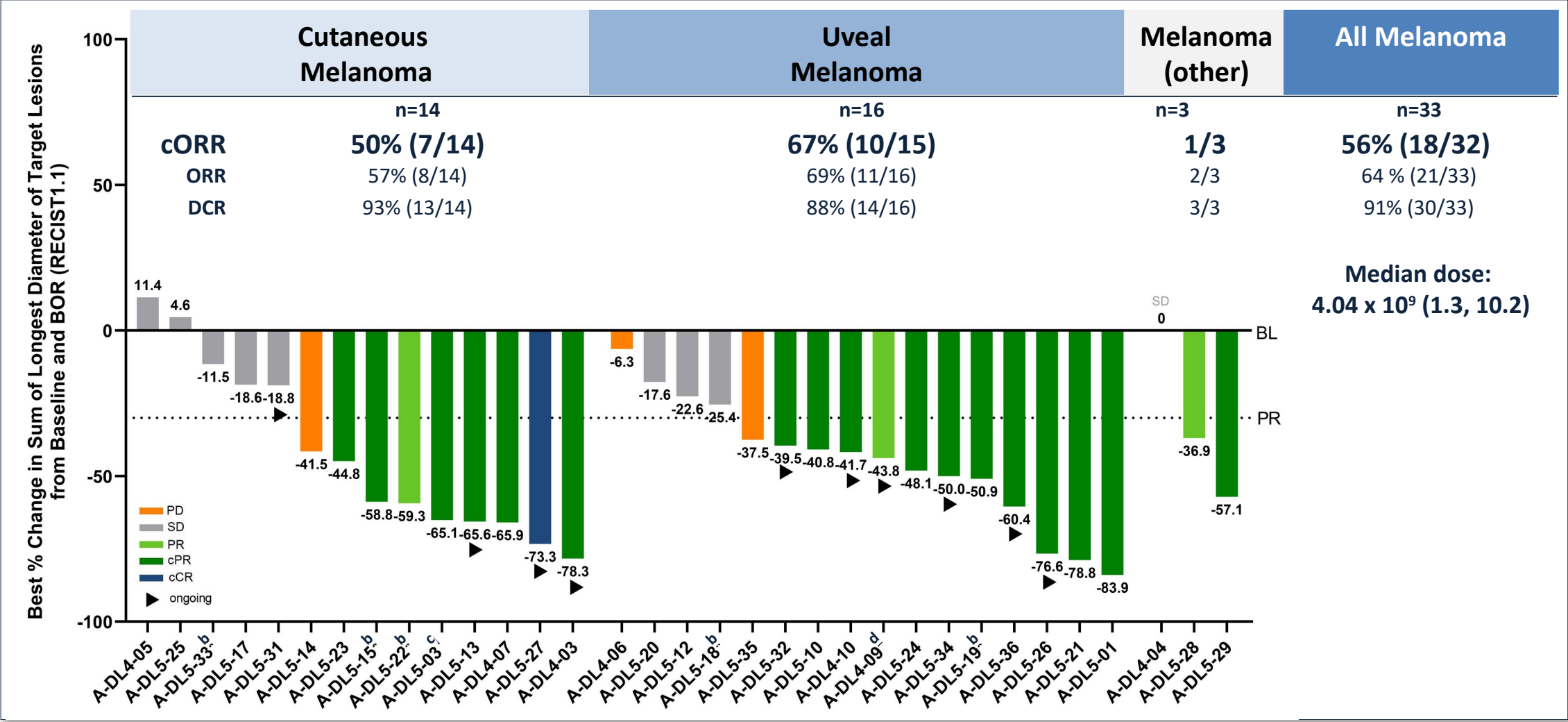
| N=74                           |                  |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| <b>CRS, any grade, n (%)</b>   | <b>70 (94.6)</b> |
| Grade 1                        | 27 (36.5)        |
| Grade 2                        | 35 (47.3)        |
| Grade 3 <sup>a</sup>           | 8 (10.8)         |
| Grade 4                        | 0 (0.0)          |
| Grade 5                        | 0 (0.0)          |
| <b>ICANS, any grade, n (%)</b> | <b>10 (13.5)</b> |
| Grade 1                        | 4 (5.4)          |
| Grade 2                        | 3 (4.1)          |
| Grade 3                        | 3 (4.1)          |
| Grade 4                        | 0 (0.0)          |
| Grade 5                        | 0 (0.0)          |
| <b>HLH, any grade, n (%)</b>   | <b>2 (2.7)</b>   |
| Grade 1                        | 0 (0.0)          |
| Grade 2                        | 1 (1.4)          |
| Grade 3                        | 1 (1.4)          |
| Grade 4                        | 0 (0.0)          |
| Grade 5                        | 0 (0.0)          |

- Anticipated LD-chemo side effects
- CRS mostly grade 1/2
- Infrequent ICANS
- No Anzu-Cel related deaths

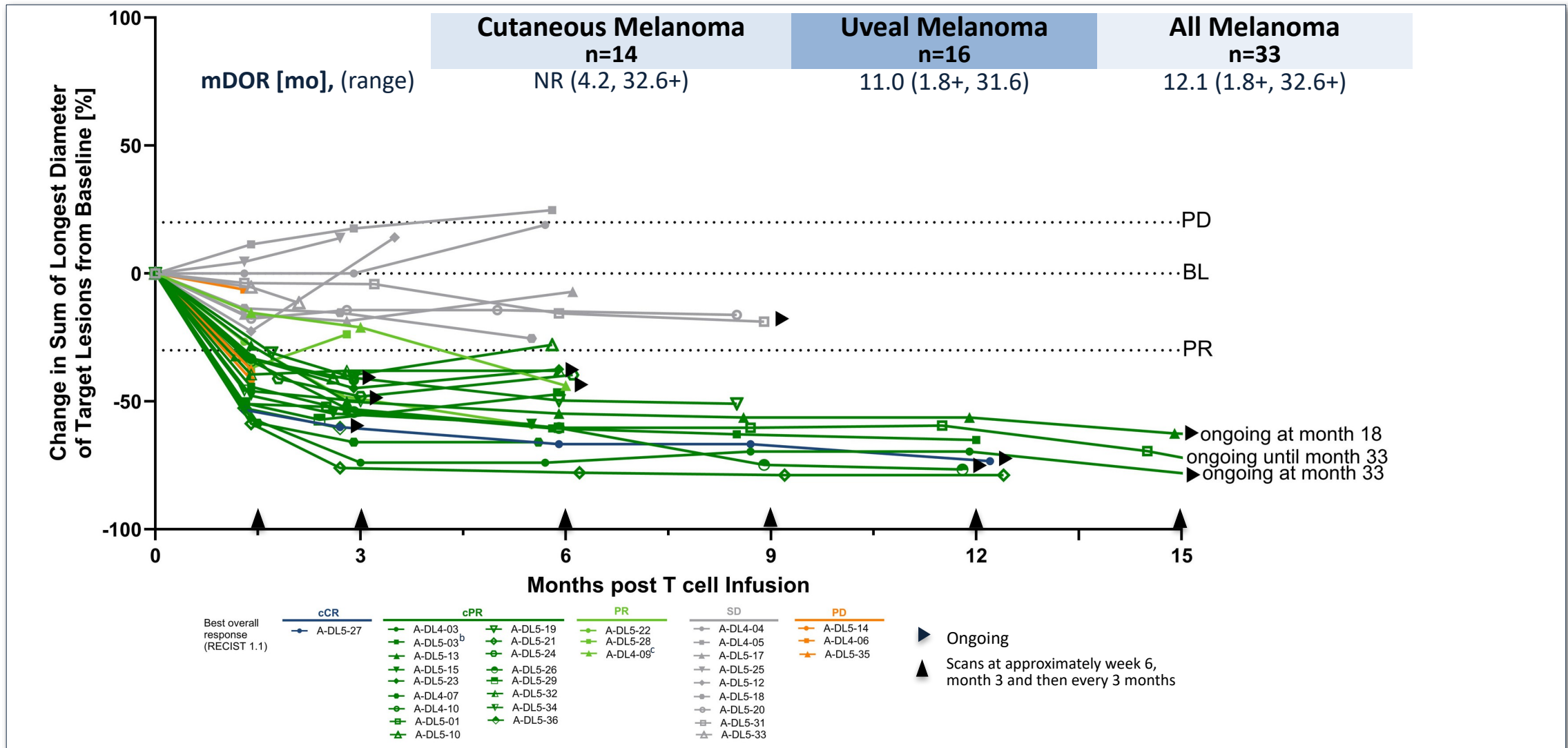
# CRS severity and kinetics in melanoma efficacy population



# Best overall response in the melanoma efficacy population



# Durability of responses in the melanoma efficacy population

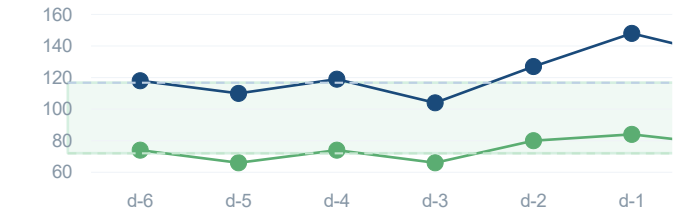


# Clinical course - Male, 66 y, synovial sarcoma

TCR  
infusion



Blood Pressure (mmHg)



● Systolic ● Diastolic

O<sub>2</sub> Saturation (%)



● SpO<sub>2</sub>

Body Temperature (°C)



● Temperature

Body Weight (kg)

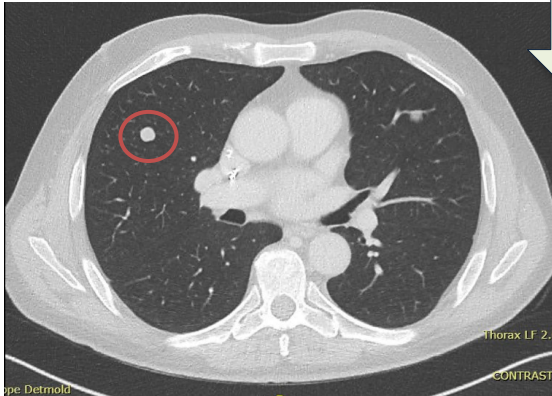


● Weight

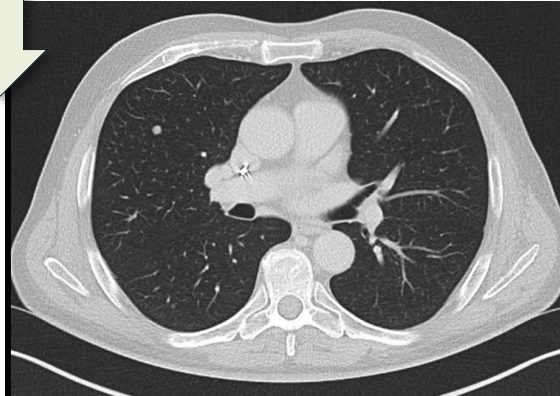
# Response - Male, 66 y, synovial sarcoma

TCR T

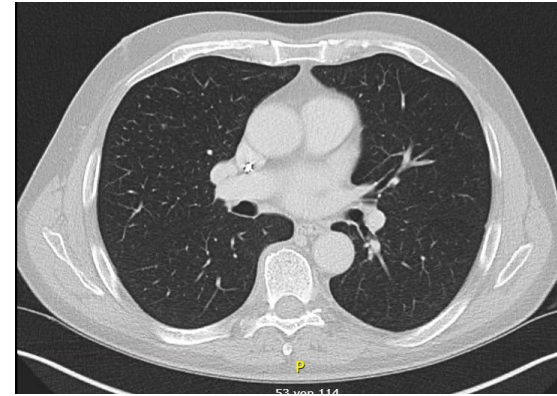
04/2023



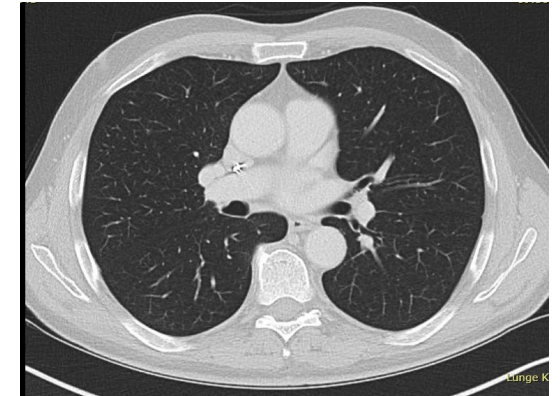
06/2023



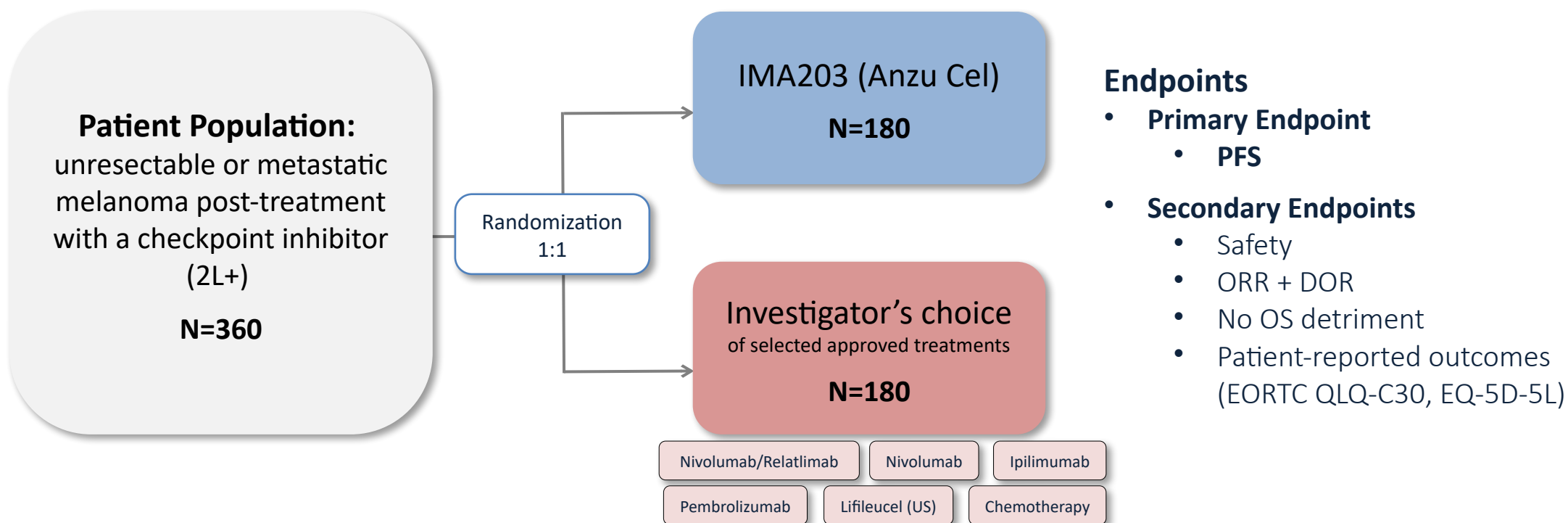
05/2025



02/2026



# SUPRAME: Registration-enabling Randomized Phase 3 Trial



# Best of writing tests

Schreibprobe

Lachen ist die beste  
Medizin!

**"Laughter is the best  
medicine."**

Schreibprobe

**writing  
test**

Die Augen sind der Spiegel  
der Seele.

**"The eyes are the  
windows  
to the soul."**

Schreibprobe

Herr a, alles wird gut!

**"Hooray, everything's going to be  
alright!"**

Schreibprobe

Das größte Glück in meinem Leben ist meine Frau Gabi! ♥

**"My greatest happiness in life, is my wife  
Gabi."**



# Thank you for your attention!



## TCR-T trials in Dresden:

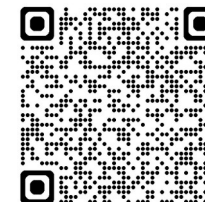
IMA203-101 (Endomet.-Ca. 2<sup>nd</sup>+ line)  
SUPRAME (kut. Melanom 2<sup>nd</sup>+ line)  
VIDAR (Pankreas G12V 1<sup>st</sup> line)

## TIL trials in Dresden:

IOV-LUN202 (NSCLC 2<sup>nd</sup> line)  
TILVANCE (Melanom 1<sup>st</sup> line)

**[Martin.wermke@ukdd.de](mailto:Martin.wermke@ukdd.de)**

NCT/UCC ECTU-Studienregister:



Universitätsklinikum  
Carl Gustav Carus  
DIE DRESDNER.



Technische  
Universität  
Dresden

